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12. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 1 wherein the group G is a basic amino group.

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- 17. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 12 wherein the basic amino group is derived from the photochemical cleavage of a carbamate group.
- 18. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 3 wherein the peak splitting isotopic label is contained within a substituted or unsubstituted alkylene diamine group.

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21. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 1 wherein the first cleavage site is selectively cleavable by one type of chemistry selected from a group of chemistries consisting of cleavage under acid conditions, base catalysed cleavage, oxidative cleavage, reductive cleavage, nucleophilic displacement, cleavage by 1,2 bis nucleophiles, electrophilic displacement, and thermal, photochemical and enzymatic cleavage, and the second cleavage site is selectively cleavable by a different type of chemistry selected from the said group.



- 24. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 21 wherein the first cleavage site is defined by a sulphonamide linker group, and the second cleavage site is optionally defined by a group, such as a Rink linker, which is cleavable under acidic conditions.
- 25. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 21 wherein the first cleavage site is defined by a thiopyrimidine linker susceptible to cleavage by oxidation followed by nucleophilic displacement, and the second cleavage site is optionally defined by a group, such as a Rink linker, which is cleavable under acidic conditions.
- 26. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 21 wherein the first cleavage site is defined by a dde group and the second cleavage site is optionally defined by a group, such as a Rink linker, which is cleavable under acidic conditions.
- 27. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 21 wherein the first cleavage site is cleavable under photochemical conditions and the second cleavage site is defined by a group, such as a Rink linker, which is cleavable under acid conditions.

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- 28. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 21 wherein the first cleavage site is defined by a group such as allyloxycarbonylamino that can be cleaved by a transition metal such as palladium (0), and the second cleavage site is optionally defined by a group, such as a Rink linker, which is cleavable under acidic conditions
- 29. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 21 wherein the first cleavage site is cleaved by oxidation followed by nucleophilic displacement.

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- 32. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 1 wherein the fragment Fr contains a chromophore C^u that facilitates analysis of the fragment Fr by ultraviolet, visible or fluorescence spectrophotometry.
- 35. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 1, the construct comprising a solid support Q having linked thereto via the connecting group Y the substrate R wherein the fragment Fr comprises the substrate and at least a portion of the connecting group Y, and the said portion contains a chromophore C^u which facilitates analysis of the fragment Fr^u by ultra violet, visible or fluorescence spectroscopy, the chromophore C^u having a principal log E_{max} value of at least 2.5 and wherein (i) the principal log E_{max} value is at least 1.5 times greater than the principal log E_{max} of the substrate R; or (ii), the chromophore C^u has an absorption peak at a wavelength remote from absorptions due to the substrate R.
- 36. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 1 comprising a solid support Q having linked thereto via the connecting group Y the substrate R wherein the fragment Fr comprises the substrate and at least a portion of the connecting group Y, and the said portion contains a chromophore C^u which facilitates analysis of the fragment Fr^u by ultra violet, visible or fluorescence spectroscopy, wherein the absorption characteristics of the chromophore C^u and the substrate R are such that at a given measurement wavelength, any errors in measurement of the quantity of substrate R (or any fragment or construct containing the fragment) arising from any overlap between absorption bands due to the chromophore and absorption bands due to the substrate R are less than 10%, preferably less than 5%.
- 37. (Amended) A chemical construct according to claim 32 wherein the chromophore is a group containing an aryl group.

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